In 2005, 45,520 Americans died in motor-vehicle accidents. The U.S. average annual expenditure of auto insurance was $832.

2009, Samsung introduces its Galaxy and the smartphone race is on. 33,808 people died in U.S. motor vehicle accidents— the lowest number since 1950. Economies tumble in wake of banking crisis.

2010, the average annual expenditure for auto insurance increases for the first time since 2005— even as financial turmoil reduces miles driven.

In 2011, the average annual expenditure for auto insurance increased to 12% above that of the low in 2007. 38,300 people were killed on U.S. roads in 2015, a 10.5% spike compared to 2014. 3,477 deaths were attributed to distracted driving.

Released in 2014, the iPhone 6 and 6+ are the best-selling iPhone models of all time. Global annual unit sales break the billion barrier, for the first time (1.2 billion).

In 2015, the average annual expenditure for auto insurance increased to 12% above that of the low in 2007. 38,300 people were killed on U.S. roads in 2015, a 10.5% spike compared to 2014. 3,477 deaths were attributed to distracted driving.

Percent Annual Increase/Decrease
Motor-Vehicle Fatalities

Average annual expenditures for auto insurance increased to 12% above that of the low in 2007. 38,300 people were killed on U.S. roads in 2015, a 10.5% spike compared to 2014. 3,477 deaths were attributed to distracted driving.
