Cyber insurance is one option that can help protect your business against losses resulting from a cyber attack. If you’re thinking about cyber insurance, discuss with your insurance agent what policy would best fit your company’s needs, including whether you should go with first-party coverage, third-party coverage, or both. Here are some general tips to consider.

**WHAT SHOULD YOUR CYBER INSURANCE POLICY COVER?**

Make sure your policy includes coverage for:
- Data breaches (like incidents involving theft of personal information)
- Cyber attacks on your data held by vendors and other third parties
- Terrorist acts
- Cyber attacks (like breaches of your network)
- Cyber attacks that occur anywhere in the world (not only in the United States)

Also, consider whether your cyber insurance provider will:
- Defend you in a lawsuit or regulatory investigation (look for “duty to defend” wording)
- Provide coverage in excess of any other applicable insurance you have
- Offer a breach hotline that’s available every day of the year at all times

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WHAT IS
FIRST-PARTY COVERAGE
AND WHAT SHOULD YOU LOOK FOR?

First-party cyber coverage protects your data, including employee and customer information. This coverage typically includes your business’s costs related to:

- Legal counsel to determine your notification and regulatory obligations
- Customer notification and call center services
- Crisis management and public relations
- Recovery and replacement of lost or stolen data
- Lost income due to business interruption
- Cyber extortion and fraud
- Forensic services to investigate the breach
- Fees, fines, and penalties related to the cyber incident

WHAT IS
THIRD-PARTY COVERAGE
AND WHAT SHOULD YOU LOOK FOR?

Third-party cyber coverage generally protects you from liability if a third party brings claims against you. This coverage typically includes:

- Payments to consumers affected by the breach
- Claims and settlement expenses relating to disputes or lawsuits
- Losses related to defamation and copyright or trademark infringement
- Costs for litigation and responding to regulatory inquiries
- Other settlements, damages, and judgments
- Accounting costs

More insurance resources for small businesses available at www.insureuonline.org/smallbusiness

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